

*ejercicio 13(seccion 5.1, algebra lineal Kollman);* determine el volumen del paralelepipedo.

**donde:**

$$u = i - 2j + 4k \text{ , } v = 3i + 4j + k \text{ y } w = -i + j + k$$

**aplicamos** la formula de volumen para paralepipedos  $\left( \det \begin{bmatrix} u_1 & u_2 & u_3 \\ v_1 & v_2 & v_3 \\ w_1 & w_2 & w_3 \end{bmatrix} \right)$

$$\begin{aligned} \left| \det \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 4 \\ 3 & 4 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right| &= |[(1 \cdot 4 \cdot 1) + (3 \cdot 1 \cdot 4) + (-1 \cdot -2 \cdot 1)] - ((4 \cdot 4 \cdot -1) + (1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1) + (1 \cdot -2 \cdot 3))| \\ &= |[4 + 12 + 2] - [-16 + 1 - 6]| = |39| = 39 \end{aligned}$$